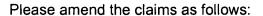
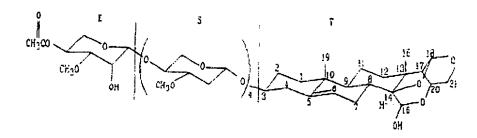
IN THE CLAIMS:



1. (Amended) A compound having the formula:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 2. (Amended) A compound having the formula EST, wherein:
- a) E and S define a saponin oligosugar portion, with E defining the terminal sugar portion thereof;
- b) and T defines a steroid-like portion, wherein T is a pregnane- 3β -ol derivative.
- 3. (Amended) The compound of claim 2, wherein S is selected from the group consisting of a tetra sugar derivative, a monomeric sugar derivative and an alignmeric of sugar derivatives.
- 4. (Amended) The compound of claim 2, wherein S is selected from the group consisting of $\alpha(1-4)$ (2-deoxy, 3-methoxy) -L-lyxotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ (2-deoxy, 3-methoxy)-L-arabinotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ (2-deoxy, 3-methoxy)-L-arabinotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ (2-deoxy, 3-methoxy)-L-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ (2-deoxy, 3 methoxy-L-sorbotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -L-lyxotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -L-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -L-arabinotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -L-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -L-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -3, 4 methoxy-L-lyxotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -3, 4 methoxy-L-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -3, 4 methoxy-L-arabinotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -3, 4 methoxy-L-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -3, 4 methoxy-L-ribopyranotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -3, 4 methoxy-L-sorbopyranotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -1-1yxotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -1-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -1-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -1-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -1-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -1-xylotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -1-xylotetrose,

 $\alpha(1-4)$ -L-arabinotetrose, $\alpha(1-4)$ -L-ribopyranotetrose, oleantrose, and $\alpha(1-4)$ -L-sorbotetrose.

5. (Amended) The compound of claim 2, wherein E is selected from the group consisting of 4-acetoxy-3 methoxy-L-α-lyxose, 4-acetoxy-3-methoxy-L-α-xylose, 4-acetoxy-3-methoxy-L-α-arabinose, 4-acetoxy-3-methoxy-L-α-xylose, -acetoxy-3-methoxy-L-α-ribopyranose, diacetylfucose, and 4-acetoxy-3-methoxy-L-α-sorbose-acetoxy.

6. (Amended) The compound of claim 2, wherein T is selected from the group consisting of 5-pregnane-3-ol oxytricyclo- 15-ol, illustrol, 5-pregnane-3-ol-20-one, cholesterol, cholic acid, ergosterol, stigmasterol, androstenon, digitoxygenin, β -sitosterol, uvaol, ursolic acid, sarsasapogenin, $18,\beta$ -glycyrrhetinic acid, betulin, betulinic acid, oleanoic acid, and padocarpic acid.

7. (Amended) The compound of claim 2, wherein said compound is capable of displaying an inhibitory activity of the steady state R-type calcium channel.

8. (Amended) A R-type Ca²⁺ channel blocker having the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

9. (Amended) A specific R-type calcium channel inhibitor having the structure of the compound of claim 29.

11. (Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim 1, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

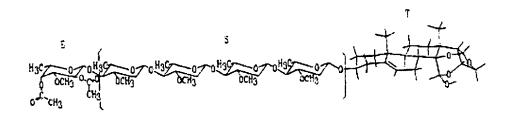




12. (Amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 11 for at least one of treating or blocking overstimulation of R-type Ca²⁺ channels associated with a disease or condition in a warm blooded animal, or for blocking or relieving side effects of a drug which overstimulate R-type CA²⁺ channels, or for the prevention or treatment of a disease or condition in which a sustained elevation of [Ca]_c, [Ca]_n or R-type Ca²⁺ blocking is encountered.

Please add the following new claims:

28. The compound of claim 1, having the formula:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

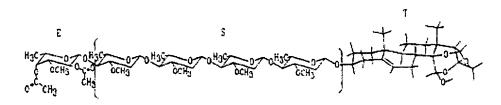
29. The compound of claim 2, wherein T has the structure shown in Figure 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E, 1F, 1G or 1H.

30. The compound of claim 6, wherein S is L oleandrose, E is 3-O-methylether 2, 4 diacetylfucose, and T is 5-pregnane-3ß-ol oxytricyclo 15-ol.



formula:

31. R-type Ca²⁺ channel blocker of Claim 8, having the



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 5 -

- 32. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising at least one compound of claim 2, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 33. A method of treating or preventing a disease or condition associated with an overstimulation of R-type Ca²⁺ channels without significantly affecting the basal activity thereof comprising an administration of an effective amount of the compound of claim 2, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 34. A method of treating or preventing a disease or condition associated with a sustained elevation of [Ca]_c, [Ca]_n, R-type Ca²⁺ blocking, and/or cytosolic and nuclear Ca²⁺ accumulation, comprising an administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a R-type Ca²⁺ channel blocker compound according to claim 2, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 35. A method for decreasing proliferation of cancer and tumor cells comprising an incubation thereof with an effective amount of a R-type Ca²⁺ channel blocker compound according to claim 2, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 36. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of claim 28, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 37. A method of treating or preventing a disease or condition associated with an overstimulation of R-type Ca²⁺ channels without significantly affecting the basal activity thereof comprising an administration of an effective amount of the compound of claim 1, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 38. A method of treating or preventing a disease or condition associated with a sustained elevation of [Ca]_c, [Ca]_n, R-type Ca²⁺ blocking, and/or cytosolic and nuclear Ca²⁺ accumulation, comprising an administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a R-type Ca²⁺ channel blocker compound according to claim 1, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

ONTA ONTA 39. A method for decreasing proliferation of cancer and tumor cells comprising an incubation thereof with an effective amount of a R-type Ca²⁺ channel blocker compound according to claim 1, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

40. A method of treating or preventing a disease or condition associated with an overstimulation of R-type Ca²⁺ channels without significantly affecting the basal activity thereof comprising an administration of an effective amount of a compound having the structure shown in Figure 1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E, 1F, 1G or 1H, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.